Drug Overdose Report: Eaton County



Data in Action Report Published May 2023

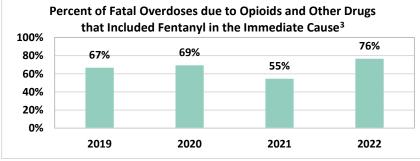
Number of drug-related overdose deaths, by selected characteristics, Eaton

County, January 2021 - December 2022³

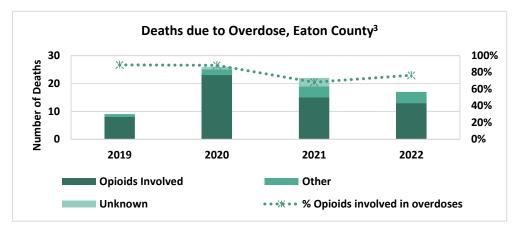
Deaths due to Drug Overdose		
Total Drug Overdose Deaths	39	
Deaths due to Drug Overdose - Opioid	Number (%)	
Total Opioid Related Deaths	28 (72% of all overdose deaths)	
Average Age	43	
Median Age	42	
Poly-Substance	22 (79%)	
Single Substance	6 (21%)	
Substances Involved*		
Fentanyl	26 (93%)	
Heroin	2 (7%)	
Prescription Opioids [†]	4 (14%)	
Cocaine	4 (14%)	
Methamphetamine	9 (32%)	
Alcohol	6 (21%)	
Combinations with Fentanyl		
	2 (100% of all heroin overdoses	
Heroin and Fentanyl	included fentanyl)	
	4 (100% of all cocaine overdoses	
Cocaine and Fentanyl	included fentanyl)	
	9 (100% of all methamphetamine	
Methamphetamine and Fentanyl	overdoses included fentanyl)	

*Deaths by substance involved are not mutually exclusive and do not constitute an exhaustive list; often multiple drugs are identified as a related cause of death in a single use.

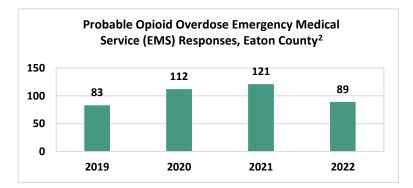
[†]Prescription opioids: hydrocodone, hydromorphone, methadone, morphine, oxycodone, and tramadol.



About 66% of all fatal overdoses due to opioids and other drugs between 2019 and 2022 in Eaton County included fentanyl in the immediate cause of death.



The percent of opioids involved in fatal drug overdoses in Eaton County increased slightly from 2021 to 2022. In 2022, 76% of all fatal drug overdoses involved opioids. Fatal drug overdoses increased from 9 to 26 between 2019 and 2020, but the number of fatal drug overdoses has been decreasing each year since 2020.

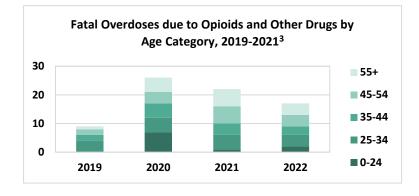


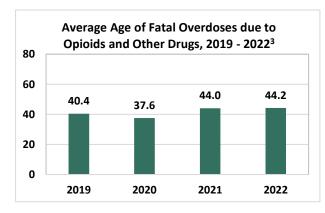
- The number of EMS responses to probable opioid overdoses increased each year from 2019 to 2021.
- There was a 26% decrease in EMS responses between 2021 and 2022.
- Overdose Emergency Department Visits in 2021: 348.6 per 100,000 population²

Opioid-related overdose deaths by demographics, Eaton County, January 2021 – December 2022³

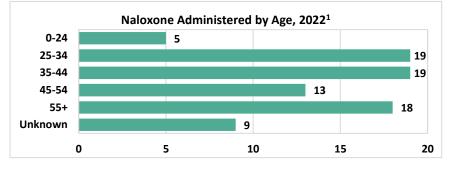
Deaths due to Drug Overdose- Opioid Related		
	Total: 28	
	Number (%)	
Sex		
Male	19 (68%)	
Female	9 (32%)	
Age		
0-24	2 (7%)	
25-34	8 (29%)	
35-44	<mark>6 (</mark> 21%)	
45-54	4 (14%)	
55+	8 (29%)	

The highest proportion of fatal overdoses in 2022 were among the 25-34-year age category. The lowest proportion of fatal overdoses have been among the 45-54-year age category since 2019. Data for 2021 and 2022 combined revealed the highest proportion of fatal opioidrelated overdoses were among the 25-34 and 55+ year age categories and 68% of fatal opioid-related overdoses were among males.





Naloxone Administrations in 2022

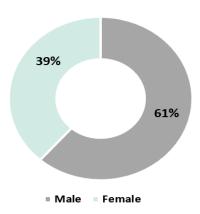


The highest number of naloxone administrations in 2022 occurred among the 25-34 and 35-44 age categories. The highest number of administrations occurred in January and October of 2022.

Zip Code	Incidents	Percent
48917	22	26.5%
48827	15	18.1%
48813	13	15.7%
48837	9	10.8%
48821	7	8.4%

Similar to opioid-related overdose fatalities, naloxone administrations were higher among males versus females. The highest number of naloxone administrations by EMS occurred in zip code 48917 with 22 administrations in 2022.

Naloxone Administered by Gender, 2022¹



Sources:

¹Michigan EMS Information System (MI-EMSIS)

²Michigan Syndromic Surveillance System (MSSS) by Michigan Department of Health and Human Services (MDHHS)

³Sparrow Office of Medical Examiner

All data collected is provisional and subject to change. Data may not always be complete, and data should not be considered a definitive opioid overdose count.

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